



THE WAY OF SAINT-GUILHEM LE DESERT
Drove roads and tracks, starting in the Department of Lozère,
then passing through Aveyron, Gard and Hérault

From the high plateaus of Aubrac right down to the scented scrubland of Languedoc, the ancient track leading to Saint Guilhem le Désert has for many years been an attractive prospect for a long-distance walk. Linking the cool uplands of Lozère with the Mediterranean plains, the way has been marked since the middle ages with stone crosses. For centuries it has been a drove road for seasonal movements of sheep and cattle, and since ancient times it has been a trade route. Those who travel this route are treated to a very varied architectural heritage and some impressive natural features: the hills of Aubrac, the limestone uplands of the Causse Méjean and the Causse Sauveterre, the Gorges of the river Tarn and the river Jonte, the National Park of the Cévennes, the mountains of Aigoual, the Viganais countryside, the Cirque de Navacelles, the Causse de Blandas and the plains of Languedoc before they finally reach the beautiful village de Saint Guilhem le désert and the Abbaye (Abbey) de Gellone.

PROGRAMME

FL102

13 days - 12 nights - 11 days' walking

Itinéraires de légende 
Marchez avec du sens...

DAY 1: Reception and checking in at the hotel.

DAY 2: AUMONT AUBRAC - MONTGROS: 23 km, 5 to 6 h walking time.

Your first day's walk makes use of the Way of St James, the pilgrims' route leading ultimately to Santiago de Compostela. You leave the hills of the Margeride and set off across the Plateau de l'Aubrac just after a little place called Les Quatre Chemins. You pass through La Chaze de Peyre, Lasbros and Rieutort d'Aubrac before reaching Montgros. Night in hotel.

DAY 3: MONTGROS - ST CHELY D'AUBRAC : 20 km, 5 h walking time. (792m).

This is a magnificent crossing of the Aubrac uplands, passing through Nasbinals and on to Aubrac (a small village where there is a picturesque bar). There is a splendid Romanesque church dating from the 14th century built out of brown basalt.

It was in this village that Adalard, a Compostela pilgrim, founded the Hospice of Aubrac, for sheltering and caring for pilgrims, between the years 1120 and 1122.



After this you begin to go downhill through Belvezet (where you can see a ruined chateau and the valley of the Boraldes), then you go to St Chély d'Aubrac (which has a 16th century wayside cross). Night in hotel.

DAY 4: ST CHELY D'AUBRAC - LE COL DES TREBATUTS 28 KM (1075M) 7 H WALKING TIME

This is a longer day's walk, but not difficult. It enables you to see more of the characteristic landscape of Aubrac, with its dry-stone walls, its isolated barns ('burons') and its herds of Aubrac cattle which inhabit these vast expanses of pasture.

You reach the Col des Trébatuts after passing the isolated Gîte of Rajas and the Relais des lacs de Bonnecombe (refreshments, meals), (1391m). You spend the night in an inn.

!!! Prepare your packed lunch for this day's walk the morning before you set out. There are no food shops in this section.

DAY 5: LE COL DES TREBATUTS - LA CANOURGUE 15 KM (557M). 4H 45 WALKING TIME

On this day's walk you leave the plateaus of Aubrac and walk through woodlands, valleys and meadows. To get into the valley you pass through the little town of St Germain du Teil before crossing the river Lot at Banassac. After this you come to the pretty town of La Canourgue which is sometimes called the Venice of Lozère. It has gained this name "Venice of Lozère" thanks to the many canals which go through the town. While there, you should have a look at the Tour de l'horloge (Clock Tower), an iconic monument in la Canourgue. Night in a two-star** hotel.

DAY 6: LA CANOURGUE - STE ENIMIE 28.5 KM (476M). 7H WALKING TIME.

For the first part of this walk you climb up on to the limestone plateau called the Causse Sauveterre. On this great expanse of Causse, you walk, as it were, suspended between heaven and earth. From time to time you may come across a shepherd and his flock of sheep, but in this part of the Department of Lozère the population is very low, less than 5 people per square kilometre. The landscape is fascinating, and made all the more attractive by its amazing tranquillity.

The entry into Ste Enimie is magnificent, and gives you a wonderful view over the meanders of the river Tarn. The little town itself is very well worth exploring. Your night is spent in a two-star** hotel.

➤ It is possible to shorten your day's walk for this section by taking a taxi at the beginning from La Canourgue for several kilometres and getting out at a crossroads called the Croisement du Cros Bas : 5 Km



DAY 7: STE ENIMIE - MEYRUEIS 29 KM (717M). 8H WALKING.

You begin by climbing up on to the Causse Méjean, the second big limestone plateau in Lozère, which has been given its character by many years of use as pasture land. Here, only sheep have been able to adapt to the district's vegetation, which is found in few other parts of France. All along this day's walk you will follow dry-stone walls and the granite crosses which mark the path. You end this day's walk by going down into Meyrueis, from where there is a splendid view over the gorges of the river Jonte. Night in hotel.

➤ *You can shorten this day's walk by taking a taxi out of Ste Enimie for several kilometres, until you reach the village of Chamblon: 4.5 Km. Alternatively you can cut the day's walk at Mas St Chély.*

DAY 8: MEYRUEIS - L'ESPEROU 23 KM (1222M). 7H30 WALKING TIME.

When you leave Meyrueis, you climb through the forest until you reach the standing stone. The track passes opposite the exit for the Abime de Bramabiau (a huge cave) before reaching Camprieu. Now there is an uphill section to the Vallée du Bonheur. Here you can see the ruins of the abbey of Notre Dame du Bonheur (Our Lady of Happiness) built in the year 1000. After leaving the Col de la Serreyrède you walk along the great drove-road of Languedoc until you reach the village of L'Espérou. Night in hotel.

DAY 9: L'ESPEROU - LE VIGAN 18.7 KM (240M). 4 H30 WALKING TIME

This is your last stretch in the foothills of Mont Aigoual before descending into the warmer regions of the countryside around Le Vigan (le pays Viganais). After leaving L'Espérou you continue along the great drove-road of Languedoc (la grande draille du Languedoc) in order to reach the Col de la Broue at 1100 m. After this you reach the valley by passing through the medieval village of Aulas and finally Le Vigan, a very old town and capital of the southern Cévennes. Night in hotel.

DAY 10: LE VIGAN - NAVACELLES 22 KM (310M). 7H WALKING TIME

You go up to the Causse de Blandas which is bounded by the valleys of the rivers Hérault, Vis and Arre. The menhirs and dolmens which you see on this plateau bear witness to the presence here, in large numbers, of Neolithic people. You cross the Causse until you reach the edge of this 'desert' landscape with a wide view into the Cirque de Navacelles. Here there is an orientation table. You descend into the gorges of the river Vis, then enter the cirque itself and finally arrive at the little village of Navacelles. The night is spent in bed-and-breakfast accommodation.

!!! For this day's walk you must prepare a packed lunch in the morning before you set out. There are basically no shops on this leg of your walking holiday. It is just possible that you can buy food at Aveze, two kilometres outside Le Vigan, but you should check in advance that the shop is open.



At Mondardier, half-way through the walk, there is a drinking fountain, with good water, in the village.

DAY 11: NAVACELLES - LES NATGES 17 KM (460M). 5H WALKING TIME.

You go up through the gorge of the Vis before reaching the plateau again, and coming to the village of Saint Maurice de Navacelles. Before this uphill part, alongside the river Vis, you will see the Mas du Pont: this strange place (a large abandoned house with several ruins round it) used to be a pottery workshop and also a place which made 'boules' for playing the game of pétanque with, out of the roots of box-trees. At St Maurice is a 17th century chateau. In this village you change the designation of your footpath: instead of following the GR 7, you follow the GR 74. You have a view of the gorge of the river Vis and also of Mont Aigoual. You go down into the bottom of the valley to get to the small secluded village of Natges.

The night is spent in bed-and-breakfast accommodation.

!!! Prepare your packed lunch or picnic the morning before you set off on the above day's walk. There are no shops or services on this section. At St Maurice, there are two little snack bars but they are not always open. If you want to use these you are advised to check up before you start your walk.

DAY 12: LES NATGES - ST GUILHEM 16.5 KM (105M). 5H45 WALKING TIME

This last day's walk features beautiful views over the valley known as the Cirque de la Seranne and the summits of Le Peyre Martine and Le Roc Blanc, before you go down into the Languedoc plain, and reach the beautiful village of Saint Guilhem le Désert and the abbey called l'Abbaye de Gellone. You pass the night in a hotel.

!!! Prepare your packed lunch or picnic the morning before you set off on the above day's walk. There are no shops or services on this section.

DAY 13: Your holiday ends after breakfast.

DATES AND PRICES

This holiday is available from the beginning of May until the end of October. It can be arranged for the dates that suit you, always provided that the hotels are not fully booked.

NB In July and August the weather can sometimes be extremely hot!

Please indicate on your booking form any alternative dates which would suit you for your holiday (for example, whether you would be prepared to start your holiday a few days earlier, or finish a few days later). This can be a big help if one or several places of accommodation are not available on the dates you have chosen

Price per person : 1050 €

Extra charge for separate bedroom : 260 €

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THE PRICE COVERS

- half board accommodation
- the transportation of luggage from hotel to hotel
- the provision of a guide book (1 guidebook for 2 people)
- the tourist tax ('la taxe de séjour').

THE PRICE DOES NOT COVER

- midday picnics or packed lunches
- insurance
- drinks and personal expenses
- costs of travel between your home and the holiday area
- any taxis needed for shortening a day's walk

STARTING AND FINISHING THE HOLIDAY

Reception at the beginning of the holiday takes place at the first hotel, the evening before your first day's walking. If you are coming by car, you may be able to leave your car in the car-park opposite the hotel. Your holiday ends after breakfast on the day after your last day's walking.

LEVEL OF DIFFICULTY 3

Certain days' walks are long and you may find them difficult. It is always possible to take a taxi to shorten the first part of a walk. This is particularly convenient if it can be arranged with the taxi firm which is carrying your luggage. If you ask us, we will book these taxi journeys for you.

!!!! WARNING: THIS WALKING ROUTE CAN BECOME EXTREMELY HOT IN SUMMER.

ACCOMMODATION

One* and two-star** hotels, inns or bed-and-breakfast. In some establishments the shower or the WC might be on a landing or even on another floor, If this is the case it will be made clear to you at the time your booking is confirmed.

NB: Bedrooms will only be available after 4pm.

ATTENTION:

If two places of accommodation are full up, we may have to ask you to pass two nights at the same place of accommodation and organise transport for the start of the second day's walk. This will in no way change your overall walking route. If this happens, details of such arrangements will be given to you with your confirmation of booking. It is possible, if this happens, that you will be charged a supplement.*



MEALS

Breakfasts are traditional (often taking the form of a buffet) and are served around 8 H. If you want to have an earlier breakfast, ask the hotel staff the day before if this is possible. Dinners are usually served from 19 H 30 (7.30pm) onwards. Mostly, they consist of the day's menu ('menu du jour'). In other words, there is no choice of meal in most establishments, unless you are prepared to pay extra.

MIDDAY MEAL

ATTENTION !!!! You are once again reminded to stock up with plenty of water before you start the day's walk. There are very few places on the walks themselves where you will be able to fill your water bottles. This is especially the case on the limestone uplands of the Causses.

Packed lunches or midday picnics are not included in our prices. You can, however, order them direct from the hotel the evening before. You will be asked to pay for them then and there, and they will cost between 7 and 9 € per person, depending on where you are staying.

TRANSPORT OF BAGGAGE

Your bags will be transported for you by vehicle. **They will be delivered by 18 H.**

There may be a supplement to pay on the cost of transporting bags from October onwards.

ATTENTION:

We ask you to leave your bags in the foyer of each place of accommodation at 8am in the morning before you set out on your day's walk. Plan to have no more than one bag per person, with a maximum weight of 13 Kg. If you go beyond these limits – 1 bag, weighing a maximum of 13kg – the carrier may either bill you extra at the end of the holiday, or simply refuse to carry the luggage at all if it is too unwieldy.

You are also strongly advised to bring yourself a small rucksack for carrying what you need during your day's walk.

GETTING THERE

We advise you for this walking holiday to arrive by train at Aumont Aubrac and then, for your return, catch the bus at Gignac and then the train for Millau > Aumont.

Trains from Paris: Depart at 06h54 – Arrive at Aumont at 12h47. Via Clermont.

Montpellier station is 30km away.

Leaving St Guilhem for Gignac

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A taxi will take you to Gignac bus station ('gare routière de Gignac'): 25€ during the week and 31€ on Sundays (for this journey)

Depart GIGNAC Bus service 381	ARRIVE MILLAU	DEPART MILLAU SNCF (railway station)	ARRIVE AUMO GARE
9h20 from Monday- Saturday	10h45	11h02	12h45
11h45 from Monday- Sunday including public holidays	13h15	15H05	16H58

Attention! These timetables should be checked with Transports Hérault (the bus company) and the SNCF (French railways). See websites below.

www.voyages-sncf.com

www.ter-sncf.com

www.herault-transport.fr

COMING BY CAR:

Michelin map (Carte Michelin) n° 76, pli (fold) 15.

Accès Drive in along the A75 (motorway) as far as Aumont-Aubrac.

A shuttle service could bring you back here from St Guilhem. This should be reserved at the time you book the holiday.

St Guilhem / Aumont Aubrac : 50 € par person

St Guilhem / La Canourgue : 45 € par person

INFORMATION PACK

To guide you through this walking holiday we provide, when we receive payment, a guidebook: **« Le chemin de St Guilhem le désert », (1 guide-book for 2 people).**

Walkers' maps: Carte IGN to the scale of 1:25000: 2637 O. 2537 E. 2538 E. 2538 O. 2539 E. 2639 O. 2640 O. 2540 E. 2641 ET.2642 ET. 2643 ET.

THINGS TO TAKE WITH YOU

- a small rucksack or back-pack for the picnic and for anything else you wish to carry with you for your day's walk
- a first aid kit for personal use (plasters ('sparadrap'), new skin ('double peau'), disinfectant for blisters and small grazes etc (éosine), alcohol ...)
- a good pair of strong, comfortable walking shoes or boots. Beware of bringing new footwear which has not been broken in
- sun-glasses, sun-cream and sunhat
- waterproof clothing in case it rains
- light shoes for evening wear

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- a water-bottle ('une gourde'): you should drink at least 1.5 to 2 litres of water per day
- a small torch (if desired)
- binoculars (optional)
- paper handkerchiefs/tissues
- needle, cotton and safety pins
- swimming costume (there is a swimming pool at the hotel in Le Vigan)
- some hermetically sealed plastic boxes; knife, fork, spoon, plate and cup for picnics.

BOOKS (in French)

- Andrieu E et A: L'Aubrac Lozerien.
- Julien B et Drainaut P: Chemins d'Aubrac: Edition du Rouergue.
- Anglade J: Drailles et burons d'Aubrac: Edition du chêne.
- La Canourgue: Des rives du Lot au gorges du Tarn: Edition de la confrérie.
- Le Gard: Terre de mémoires : edition Edisud.
- Clément PA: Les chemins à travers les âges: Edition presse du languedoc.
- Marc B: Dolmens et menhirs en languedoc: Edition les presses du languedoc.
- Salce M: Cirque de Navacelles: Edition du rouergue.
- Saint Guilhem le désert: Edition: Les amis de St Guilhem.

BOOKS IN ENGLISH

(Most books in English appear to cover only a section of the area cross by the Way of St Guilhem. There are more books about the southern portion of the walk than the northern one.)

- Crossbill Guides: The Nature Guide to the Cevennes and Grands Causses

Dirk Hilbers and Gert Bosgra

- Walking in the Cevennes (A Cicerone Guide) [Paperback]

Janette Norton (Author)

- Michelin the Green Guide Languedoc Roussillon Tarn Gorges (Michelin Green Guide: Languedoc, Roussillon, Tarn Gorges English Edition) Paperback - January 15, 2008 by Cynthia Clayton Ochterbeck (Editor)

METEO

For regional weather forecasts

Tap in **32 50** then the number of the department (the first two digits of your local French postcode)

Alternatively there are easy-to-understand forecasts (using symbols) on

<http://france.lachainemeteo.com/meteo-france/previsions-meteo-france-0.php>

INFORMATION ABOUT THE AREA

Aubrac

The Aubrac district gets its name from the ancient abbey of Aubrac which was built at a height of 1350 m and which itself derived its name from the words «Alto Braco» which meant 'a high place'. Up until around the year 1000, the Aubrac was covered in forests of beech and pine.

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These forests proved an ideal shelter for brigands who took advantage of the peace and security they offered to hide themselves here. From time to time they would emerge from hiding and rob the pilgrims from Le Puy who used the old Roman road called the Via Agrippa. This road led from Lyon to Bordeaux and Toulouse, passing through Javols in the Terre de Peyre ('land of stone') and Rodez. The pilgrims who travelled this route were on their way to seek sanctuary at Santiago de Compostela in Spain. This pilgrimage became extremely popular from the 10th century onwards. However, it was a hard and dangerous journey, and the difficulties caused by the harsh climate and the risk of attacks led Adalard, a Flemish count, to found an abbey dedicated to the protection of the pilgrims close to the highest part of the route. This abbey was built by the monks themselves in 1120 and named the **Abbaye d'Aubrac**.

(Source: Guide de l'aubrac).

Causses and Gorges

Situated to the north of the plains of Languedoc, the region of the Causses and the Gorges constitute a geological area which, 170 million years ago, was still under the sea. It is from the sea that the sedimentary rocks of which the area is composed originate. The limestone (derived from the shells of countless marine micro-organisms) is easily eroded, especially by water. Thanks to this property the rivers Tarn, Jonte and Dourbie have gouged deep narrow valleys into the plateaus; these rugged valleys have split up the original plateau into four separate plateaus or 'causses'. From north to south, these are: le Sauveterre, le Méjean, le Causse Noir and le Larzac. The region of Gorges and Causses has a mixed climate, sometimes taking its weather from the Atlantic Ocean, sometimes from the Mediterranean region, and sometimes from the more continental regions to the east.

The Causse de Sauveterre, solidly rooted in the Lozère, is of unusual agricultural interest. Sheep are the main beneficiaries of this vast limestone plateau which stretches right into the Department of Aveyron towards the ancient town of Sévérac le Château. The Causse Méjean too offers a vista of an environment created by pastoralism, with its huge flocks of sheep and its old limestone-built farm-houses which are marvels of vernacular architecture. Here also you can come across specimens of Przewalski's horse, introduced here to help safeguard the breed, which originally comes from Mongolia. At times the plateau presents almost a lunar landscape, split up by the lines of the ancient drove roads whose original purpose was to make a link between the two causes, which are geographically separated by the deep canyon of the river Tarn. This river, which is wild and fast-flowing, passes its first 52 kilometres winding through the Department of Lozère.

The limestone plateau conceals an underground world carved out by water: springs, rivers, natural tunnels and sometimes enormous pot-holes. In fact there is an absolute labyrinth which, to this day, attracts the attention of cavers and potholers. Despite all this water, or the lack of it, has deeply influenced the lifestyle of the 'Caussenards', those people who live, and have always lived, on the causses. Every farm has its own water tanks, situated where slanting roofs meet, designed to collect rainwater. As for the sheep, in years when the weather is not too dry, they drink from big dew-ponds, called 'lavognes', whose beds have become waterproof (partly by natural deposition of clay, and partly by people adding clay more recently). As well as benefiting the sheep, these ponds are also a boon for the local bird life.



Saint Maurice de Navacelles

In this village is 'La maison Dardé' – the former home of the sculptor and painter Paul Dardé 1888-1963.

Brief life story: He was born in the Hérault Department, near to Lodève. In the 'Salon' (a famous annual exhibition) of 1920 in Paris, Dardé received the first prize ('Grand Prix National des Arts'). However, despite his success, misfortune overtook him, and this affected his character. In 1935, he left Paris for good, under a mountain of debts. His works were seized and his studio was put up for auction.

After this he re-established himself at Saint Maurice-Navacelles, where he rediscovered his roots. Here, far from a noisy and oppressive world and at peace with himself, he produced hundreds of great drawings.

Paul Dardé built himself, without ever actually finishing it, his Saint Maurice studio. It was far from comfortable but it had everything needed for doing sculptures. It is a strange house, with enormous rooms, terraces, stairs and recesses linked up into arcades. He got his water supply by using sheets of corrugated iron which served as a roof and collected it all in an old windmill converted into a water tank.

The War Memorial at St Maurice is one of his works.

Mont Aigoual

Mt Aigoual is an impressive granite mass overlaid with schists. On these schists, trees grow better than they do on the neighbouring Plateau du Lingas which is entirely granite. Mont Aigoual, known as the 'kingdom of hurricanes', powerful winds giving birth to rivers and streams, has also become during the last century a mountain renowned for its forests.

Despite its fairly modest height (1 567 metres) and the fact that it is so far south – being only 70 kilometres from the Languedoc coast, Aigoual remains a mountain known for its winds, fog, snow and, above all, rain. Sometimes this is extremely heavy rain, which comes from the nearby Mediterranean, causing torrents which have cut away at the slopes. This temperamental mountain, where such battles of the elements are so well-known, is also the site of the last mountain weather station in France. This weather station owes its survival to the determination of its director, Jean Boulet, a person who comes from the region, a stubborn individualist and proud of the fact.

St Guilhem le désert.

The old Benedictine abbey of Gellone at St Guilhem le Désert, is situated in the Department of Hérault 20 km from Lodève, in a very small and beautiful village. The church itself remains in good condition but only odd ruined fragments of cloister remain.

The abbey was founded in 804 by Guilhem (755-812), Count of Toulouse, then prince of Orange. He was the grandson of Charles Martel, the cousin and lieutenant of Charlemagne. Weary of warfare, he decided to withdraw into a quiet and isolated place, Gellone, hidden in the bottom of the Gorge of Verdus, a true "Désert", in a monastery which he had built. Charlemagne gifted a relic of the True Cross to Guilhem. (This is actually a cross which contained a tiny piece of the True Cross, inlaid with silver and precious stones.)

This monastery, which had around 100 monks living in it, became a pilgrimage site on the Compostela route. Towards the year 1000, the church was rebuilt in several stages on the foundation of the old one which itself became a crypt. The church is built in the Languedoc

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Romanesque style, in the form of a cross. The consecration of an altar took place at St Guilhem in 1076. A first cloister was built; then a second one was built higher up. The village took the name of St Guilhem le Désert.

The abbey was sacked by Protestants in 1569, but kept going after a fashion up to the time of the Revolution. The church then ceased to be used, the cloister was largely demolished, and the sculptures were removed and dispersed.

The situation now is that the rest of the cloisters have been demolished stone by stone. Though a few of the remains have stayed on the site, most of the stone was bought by an American early in the 20th century and shipped off to New York. There the cloister has been rebuilt in the "Cloisters Museum" of New York.

Since 1978, a community of the Carmel St Joseph has taken over the abbey and it is still used for religious purposes.

The Abbaye de Gellone is listed as a world heritage site by UNESCO.

(Source: Association des Amis de St Guilhem)

INSURANCE

Our insurances, **Contrat Assistance Plus**, **Contrat Sérénité** are **individual** and **optional**. They must be taken out **WITHIN 14 WORKING DAYS** after you book the holiday, **and cannot start to take effect until the whole of the price of the holiday has been paid.**

You can take out our insurances whatever country you live in.

The cost of the insurance Contrat Assistance Plus (insurance for Assistance and Repatriation) is 1.70% of the price of the holiday. It is based only on the price of the holiday.

The cost of the Contrat Sérénité (insurance for Assistance and Repatriation, insurance against cancellation or the interruption of your holiday) is 3.6 % of the price of the holiday. It takes into account the price of the holiday itself and the price of any supplements (e.g. the extra charge for an individual bedroom, the extra charge for one holidaymaker, extra nights, taxi journeys etc).

If you cancel the holiday yourself, and if you have not taken out our cancellation insurance, we will withhold the cancellation fees.

The amount of these fees depends on the date of cancellation.

- 1) more than 30 days before departure : 50 € of administration fees per person
- 2) between 30 days and 22 days before departure: 25% of the cost of the holiday.
- 3) between 21 days and 15 days before departure: 50% of the cost of the holiday.
- 4) between 14 days and 8 days before departure: 75% of the cost of the holiday.
- 5) between 7 days and 2 days before departure: 90% of the cost of the holiday.
- 6) less than 2 days before departure: 100% of the cost of the holiday.

In all these cases (including where more than 30 days' notice is given), 50 € per person will be retained for administration fees.



➤➤ **If the person with whom you were planning to share a bedroom cancels, you will have to pay the extra charge for an individual bedroom.**

If you have to cancel **before departure**, contact La Pèlerine on +33 (0)4 71 74 47 40, and they will organise what has to be done.

During the holiday, before taking any major steps, contact **MUTUAIDE ASSISTANCE** on +33 (0)1 45 16 43 47 (if you have taken out one of our insurances).

If you do not turn up on the day the holiday begins, or if you cut short your holiday without explanation, you will have no right to any refund.

CHANGING YOUR BOOKING:

ATTENTION!

Administration fees (50 €) will be retained for any change to a booking which has already been made (e.g. changes in bedroom type, departure date, number of people etc).

If you would like to book **extra nights** at the beginning or the end of your holiday, this **must be done at the time of booking** and should be clearly specified on the booking form. Once your main holiday bookings have been confirmed, if you then decide you wish to book extra nights, it must be done directly through the hotel (or other accommodation) concerned, and paid for when they require it.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to ring us on: +33 (0)4 71 74 47 40



LA PELERINE WISHES YOU A VERY HAPPY HOLIDAY

